

B-539

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

SWEDEN

COBURG, SYBILLA VON

Wife of King's (G.V.) grandson; daughter of Duke of COBURG, the
Nazi head of the Volunteer Motor Car service; strongly pro-
Nazi.

Interview with Henryk Aschkenasy (Polish-Jewish)
March 16, 1942

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REFERENCE CARD

SWEDEN

To June 1942

COBURG, SYBILLA VON

In close contact with WIEL, German Ambassador to Sweden.

OSS, Oechsner, December 8, 1942 (oral)

7-16 ?

FR

REFERENCE CARD

rpt Dec. 1942

SWEDEN

COBURG, Princess SIBYLLA von

Born in 1906 / Royal princess / married Prince GUSTAF ADOLF, the heir apparent to the Swedish throne, in 1932 / she is from the German town of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha / her father, Prince KARL EDWARD, is head of the German Red Cross / Sibylla was taught to be pro-German in her sympathies, as would be natural, but in the spring of 1942 after a visit to Germany it was reported that she seemed better disposed than heretofore, toward the democracies.

OSS, R & A, Western European Section, December 1942

CID 33253

C

NORWAY

rpt June 4, 1943

COCK, Dr.

Hauptabteilungsleiter / head" of the Chief Administration Division of the Reichskommissariat in Norway, the German civil administration of Norway / about 50 years old; fully qualified as an administrative lawyer; has worked for about 10 years in the German Ministry of the Interior; it is said that he did not join the N.S.D.A.P. (der Nationalsozialistischen Deutsche Arbeitspartei) until 1938; his offices are in the Norwegian Storting; is considered very capable.

Report from the Norwegian Government in Exile, London, June 4, 1943

(11098)

CID 16658-F

rpt September 1941

GERMANY

COCHENHAUSEN, General FRIEDRICH von

Of the Air Force; head of German Society of Military Politics and Military Sciences of the Department of Military Psychology where work of academic and military psychologists and of medical specialists is coordinated for the benefit of war-psychological research; this organization should be regarded as a division of the German General Staff.

Committee for National Morale, German Psychological Warfare,
New York, Sept^ember 1941, pp. 9, 36

(11098)

REFERENCE CARD

AVI

GERMANY

CÖXLER, GENERALLEUTNANT

Air Officer commanding Fliegerkorps IX (in Luftflotte II; for which see WFF KESSELRING); aged 42; originally connected with the Naval Air Service; in 1937 was inspector of the Sea Air Branch; his Fliegerkorps has specialized on shipping attacks and mine laying; he was at one time Attache to the German Embassy in Tokio.

British Air Ministry, Air Publication 1923, Notes on German Airforce, October 1941

11679

GERMANY

to February 1941

COLER, EDIT von

Cousin of HITLER's wife / Hitler was always interested in her, and interested RIBBENTROP in her also / helped prepare Nazi taking over of Rumania; established romantic contact with the half-Jewish propaganda minister of Rumania; periodically visited Berlin from Bucharest to confer with Ribbentrop.

OSS (Schultz - left Germany February 1941), New York, October 14, 1942, p. 9

(11698)

11679-129

REFERENCE CARD

ref
~~to~~ February 1941

GERMANY

COLEH, EDIT von

Great friend of Count Wolff Heinrich von HELLDORFF.

GSI, New York, Sigrid Schultz, January 29, 1943
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

11679

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

To February 1941

COLER, EDIT von

Great friend of Prince August Wilhelm von HOHENZOLLEHN. /
helped prepare way in Rumania for Dr. WOHLTAT (c.v.).

OSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, December 14, 1942
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

BR FU-366

C

GERMANY

COLLEY, FRITZ-KRAFT

0117851

B-550

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

COLSTOUN, GENERAL DE

One of the two-star French generals imprisoned in
Konigstein Fortress in Saxony; for complete list of
prisoners see document B-550.

Interview with Michel Bernheim
March 23, 1942

B-550

REFERENCE CARD

W

GERMANY

CONDE, GENERAL

FRENCH

A five-star/general imprisoned in the Konigstein Fortress in Saxony; for complete list see document B-550.

Interview with Michel Bernheim
March 23, 1942

F

GERMANY

April 1, 1943

CONRAD, Lt. General

His promotion from Luftwaffe maj. general was effective April 1, 1943.

State Department plain cable, Bern, April 30, 1943

110981

R

rpt July 19, 1943

GERMANY

CONRAD, Major General [GERHARD] PAUL [Document: KOMRATH]

Commander of the Hermann Goring Division / on July 19, the 'Voice of the Chief' accused him of enjoying himself in Berlin while his troops in Sicily are fighting a hopeless, heart-rending battle / has promised that Catania will be held.

FCC, Daily Report, July 20, 1943

(11-08)

R

rpt August 23, 1943

GERMANY

CONRAD, Major General PAUL

**Commander of the Hermann Göring Armored Division / recently
awarded the Oak Leaves to the Knight's Cross of the Iron Cross
by Hitler.**

Berlin radio

FCC, Daily Report, August 23, 1943

(11098)

B-550

REFERENCE CARD

WT

GERMANY

CONTENSON, GENERAL

One of the two-star French generals imprisoned in
Konigstein Fortress in Saxony; for complete list of
prisoners see document B-550.

Interview with Michel Bernheim
March 23, 1942

11679-301

GERMANY

rpt February 1941

CONTI, Dr.

Chief of health organization; joined Nazis because, being a mediocre doctor, he had been unable to build up a successful practice / son of famous mid-wife of early 20th century in Berlin who earned enough from her rich Jewish clients to send her son to the university / when he took over Berlin health administration, he kept much of old-time staff due to whose efforts the epidemics in Poland did not spread to Germany in the winter of 1939-40 / all the nurses and doctors installed by him are fanatic Nazis and would do anything to harm the foreign soldiers who may eventually arrive on German soil.

OSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, February 19, 1943
(Source left Germany in February 1941)

1110981

B-550

REFERENCE CARD

65

GERMANY

CORADIN, GENERAL

One of the two-star French generals imprisoned in
Konigstein Fortress in Saxony; for complete list of
prisoners see document B-550.

Interview with Michel Bernheim
March 23, 1942

GERMANY

rpt April 25, 1943

COSTA, LUIS

Broadcasts in Portuguese over Berlin radio to Portugal
and Colonies; for others engaged in this work see Dr.
Herculano ECA.

Berlin radio, April 25, 1943
FCC, Daily Report, April 26, 1943

(11098)

B-550

REFERENCE CARD

WFF

GERMANY

COUSSE, GENERAL

One of the three-star French generals imprisoned at Konigstein Fortress in Saxony; for complete list of prisoners see document B-550.

Interview with Michel Bernheim
March 23, 1942

Field

PERMANENT

November 1, 1942

CHIEF, Major General [illegible]

Proposed to Major General
effective November 1, 1942.

FSC, late 1942

(11098)

January 22, 1943

GERMANY

CRAMER, Lt. General

His promotion from Major General
to Lt. General effective January
22, 1943.

State Department Plain Cable #841, Bern, February 5, 1943,

110981

P/W

F

GERMANY

rpt May 17, 1943

CRAMER, Maj. General

General officer commanding Afrika Corps in Tunisia / was captured
by Allies in Tunisia.

Wireless from Allied HQ, North Africa, May 17, 1943
New York Times, May 18, 1943, p. 3

(11098)

CR

7-1a

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

CRAMER, WALTER

Address: Elisabethalle 64, Leipzig W. 81

An intercept dated 9-7-42 from subject and mailed by Paul Lammage, Angerstrasse 31, Leipzig, W. 83 to Fred Miller, c/o Hansen & Cia. Ltda., Casilla de Correo 51, Paseo Colon 301, Buenos Aires, Argentina states that writers have arranged to remit R. M. 3000 through the Banco Aleman to defray addressee's traveling expenses for 6 months. Addressee's letters are acknowledged and it is stated that the (trade?) reports and statistics supplied are of great value. The writer expresses strong pro-German sentiment.

USC HCL/FO/147491/42

(90)

F.

GERMANY

rpt May 15, 1943

CRAMER, GOTTFRIED von

Denying an Algiers report that he is a prisoner in Africa, the STB News Agency states that he is now in Germany after having served in the Hermann Goring Division on the African front.

Telephone from Stockholm, May 15, 1943
New York Times, May 16, 1943, p. 23

(11698)

P/W

F

GERMANY

Trpt May 17, 1943

CRAMM, Baron GOTTFRIED von

Allied authorities announced without elaboration on May 17, 1943 that von Cramm was among prisoners captured in the Tunisian campaign / 33 years old; Davis cup winner; outstanding tennis player, particularly from 1932-1937 / in May 1938, he was sentenced in Germany to a year in prison on morals charge; U.S. subsequently denied him permission to enter the country to take part in the 1939 tournament at Forest Hills.

AP, Allied HQ, North Africa, May 17, 1943
New York Times, May 18, 1943, p. 7

(11098)

(SECRET)

New York Times
May 18, 1943

***Nazi Tennis Champion
Is Captured in Tunisia***



Baron Gottfried von Cramm

The New York Times, 1939

CID 199635

REFERENCE CARD

WW

July 13, 1942

GERMANY

CHNOGLAVIC

See KRYEELIU, JANI BEG

OSS, Albanian Source, July 13, 1942

BR FU-754

GERMANY

CRONE-MUNZEBROCK, AUGUST

REFERENCE CARD

7-16 ?

GERMANY

CROPIENS

Mayor of Bremen; sentenced to two years penal servitude for
"Deprecating offerings to winter relief and talking impudently
during the packing of parcels".

Reuter dispatch to Zurich, Oct. 13, 1942
Times Herald, Oct. 14, 1942

F

GERMANY

April 1, 1943

CRÜGERN, Maj. General von

His promotion from colonel was effective April 1, 1943.

State Department plain cable, Bern, April 30, 1943

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REFERENCE CARD

77

GERMANY

CRISTIANI, GENERAL

One of the two-star French generals imprisoned in
Konigstein Fortress in Saxony; for complete list of
prisoners see document B-550.

Interview with Michel Bernheim
March 19, 1942

11277

P/W
REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY ?

CRUMWELL, GENERAL

Captured with Generals RAVENSTEIN and SCHMIDT in Libya; for further depletions of Hitler's High Command, see von BRAUCHITSCH.

"Shifting of Generals" by Dr. Rudolph Katz
OSS, New York, Osborne-Hoover, Sept. 29, 1942

(90)

11679

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

^R
CUMBELAND AND BRAUNSCHWEIG, LUKE AUGUST VON

A Nazi, but not as ardent a one as his wife.

OSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, Nov. 18, 1942
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

(90)

11679

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

(BRUNSWICK)
CUMBERLAND AND BRAUNSCHWEIG, PRINCESS VICTORIA LOUISE, DUCHESS OF

Kaiser's only daughter; her marriage with Ernst August von Braunschweig (Cumberland) before last war was sensational in that it meant reconciliation of Hohenzollerns with Hanoverians; Castles at Braunschweig and Gmund; became fanatic Nazi and was highly regarded by Nazi leaders, especially HIMMLER, because of tie-up with English royal house; close to Hitler for a time while he frightened party leaders by talking of restoring one of German dynasties; sons in Nazi Youth and Schutz Staffel, while daughters worked for Labor Service; children occasionally visited English royal family; one daughter married Greek prince and is doubtless spreading Nazi doctrine wherever she may be; subject is somewhat of a rival of sister-in-law Crown Princess Cecilie; she inherited her father's gift for bursts of political energy; Gmund estate was hotbed of Nazi agents before Anschluss; should Nazis break, she would doubtless try to save

(90)

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GERMANY

CUMBERLAND, Duchess of

11679

family and estates; could be bought by a promise, but is not to be trusted.

OSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, Nov. 5, 1942

11679

According to the Almanac de Gotha, 1941, her full title is: Princess Royal of Great Britain and Ireland, Duchess of Cumberland, Duchess of Brunswick and Lüneburg / name of her daughter who married Greek prince is Princess Fredericke-Louise (See Greece).

To February, 1941

OSS. New York, Sigrid Schultz, Nov. 24, 1942

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

December 8, 1942

CUMBILLAND AND BRUNSWICK, DUCHESS OF

Princess Victoria; only daughter, and one of five living children, of ex-Kaiser; for other children, see Crown Prince von HOHENZOLLERN.

New York Times, December 9, 1942

PS

GERMANY

rpt March 13, 1943

CUSE, Admiral

Commander in chief of the Baltic group; dismissed on the advice of Admiral DONITZ.

Christian Science Monitor, March 13, 1943

1110981

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

CZAKI, DR.

Chief of the Deutsche Auslandsinstitut, Stuttgart.

Nazi Movement in the United States
June 1940, p. 237 (returned to FN)

(90)

F

GERMANY

April 1, 1943

CZECH, Lt. General

His promotion from Luftwaffe maj. general was effective April 1, 1943.

State Department plain cable, Bern, April 30, 1943

(11098)

February 1, 1943

GERMANY

CZETTRITZ-und-NEUHAUS, Major General KONRAD von

His promotion from Colonel to
Major General effective February
1, 1943.

State Department Plain Cable #841, Bern, February 5, 1943

(11098)

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Approved For Release 2010/12/03 : CIA-RDP82-00038R001000150019-6

CID 16658-F

GERMANY

rpt September 1941

DACH, J. S.

Army psychologist at the Wiesbaden testing station / in an article published in Soldatentum in 1937, he outlines the ways of judging personality by the analysis of voice and speech.

Committee for National Morale, German Psychological Warfare,
New York, September 1941 , p. 77

BR FI-752

GERMANY

DAHLEM, FRANK (cf DAHLEN)

REFERENCE CARD

7-15-37

GERMANY (also France)

WILHELM, FRANK (cf DANLEH)

Native of Lorraine and former communist deputy of the Reichstag who had been invited to Mexico by the Mexican government; one of the seven prominent fighters against Fascism handed over to the Gestapo for transport back to Germany, by the Vichy government; see VALKE for names of other six.

On the French Frontier, Oct. 3, 1942 N.Y. Times
in Press Survey

B-550

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

DAINE, GENERAL

One of the two-star French generals imprisoned
in Konigsstein Fortress in Saxony; for complete
list of prisoners see document B-550.

Interview with Michel Bernheim
March 23, 1942

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

DALUNGE, KURT

Fought through World War; chief lieutenant in "Black Reichswehr", as guerrilla fighter stormed Annaberg in Upper Silesia; when no more fighting jobs available, became bookkeeper of City Scavenger Dept. in Berlin; joined Nazi Party and was one of its first deputies in Prussian Landtag; in Feb. 1933, when Hitler was made Chancellor, was called by Goering to Prussian Ministry of Interior to reorganize Prussian Police; survived attempts by Rosenberg and Lüstgenbrunn (q.v.) to discredit him, and was appointed a Director of Ministry of Interior; only rival was Diels (q.v.) who was made head of newly formed Political Police (Gestapo), was made head of uniformed Police of Germany and is a Police General; has become a settled family man, diligent, dependable, and not too intelligent.

(9) Inside the Gestapo by Hansjürgen Koehler - Published London 1940
pp. 19-28

IP

GERMANY

rpt June 19, 1942

"
DALUGE, KURT

Born 1897, in Kreutzburg, Upper Silesia; fought in first war; member of Free Corps Rossbach 1916-19; joined Deutsche-Volkische Freiheitspartei, predecessor of Nazi Party / took part in notorious Rossbach murders in 1923; as founder and leader of Berlin Stormtroopers, organized street fights etc.; leader of SS, Section East, from 1928 to 1932 / organized Nazi infiltration of Prussian State Police by setting up spy center in his quarters in Prussian Parliament of which he has been a member since 1932 / issued orders to Stormtroopers during Reichstag Fire in 1933 / abolished by police order any trial or legal procedure for interning undesirable people in 1933 / took part in murder of his predecessor as head of Prussian State Police, Dr. Erich KLAUSENER in 1934 / in 1933-35, trained 200,000 new 'policemen' in army barracks as part of Hitler's secret rearmament / used his membership in International

110981

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rpt June 19, 1943

GERMANY

DALUGE, Kurt

Criminal Police Commission from 1933-39 for purposes of espionage / as Chief of Order Police from 1939 on, he has issued final decisions for killing of hostages and saboteurs in Poland, Netherlands, Norway / was Ministerial Director of Police Division of Prussian Ministry of Interior and General of Uniformed Police in Prussia from 1933 to 1936, when the State Police systems were unified under Reich Police System ^{and} when he became Chief of Reich's Order Police and Deputy of the Reichsführer of the German Police, Heinrich HIMMLER.

R&A, Central European Section (Dorn), June 19, 1942

10664 .

7-16

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

Also: CZECHOSLOVAKIA

DALUGE, KURT

Successor to HEYDRICH under HITLER in Gestapo, one of the three sections of newly reorganized German espionage system; for details of reorganization see CANARIS.

Die Zeitung, London, as reported in PM, August 25, 1942